QUOTING, PARAPHRASING, AND SUMMARIZING

Characteristics: What is it?

Quotation	Paraphrase	Summary
Matches the source word for word	Matches the source in terms of meaning	Sums up the central point of the source
Set off by quotation marks	Uses your own words	Uses your own words
	Approximately the same length, though often shorter and sometimes a little longer than the source	Much shorter than the source
	Purpose: Why use it?	
Quotation	Paraphrase	Summary
To provide credibility for what you are saying (you support your point by quoting an authority)	To get down the meaning of someone else's words in situations where their exact words are not important or their exact words are not appropriate or are not useful	To get down the gist of someone else's work
		To avoid unnecessary details when the main point is all you need
To get someone's exact words (when HOW something is said is as important as WHAT is said)	To shorten a section from the source that is too long to quote	To give your audience a general introduction to the source
		To refresh the readers' memory if they have read the source
	Method: How do you do it?	
Quotation	Paraphrase	Summary
Copy the source's words exactly. Enclose in quotation marks.	Read carefully the section of the source you are going to paraphrase. Put it away and write down in your own words what the source is saying. Then go back and check to see if you missed anything.	Read carefully the section of the source you are going to summarize. Put it away and write down the main point(s) of the source. Do not be a slave to the source's organizationyou decide what the main points are.

Remember that all references to other sources--whether quoted, paraphrased, or summarized--must be documented parenthetically within the text and in a bibliographic entry at the end of the essay.